

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTION

In this chapter the writer would like to sum up the whole discussion of the previous chapter four and ends up with the suggestion. Therefore, this chapter consist of conclusion and suggestion which may useful for the speakers ,of uab meto language in Fatuleu and the common readers.

5.1 Conclusions

Based on the finding and discussion, the writer can conclude based on the research problem number 1 and 2 that there are two rules of prepositional phrase in *Uab Meto* language which is consist of one rules of PP and one rules of Adjp. In *Uab Meto* language, prepositions is placed after a NP so the writer conclude that *Uab Meto* language has post-position prepositional phrase which function like preposition in English but come after the noun phrase instead of preceding.

There is one rules of prepositional phrase in *Uab Meto* language, namely

$$\text{PP} \longrightarrow (\text{NP}) \text{P}.$$

An adjective phrase can consist of one or two adjectives. There are one rule of adjective phrase in *Uab Meto* language, namely

$$\text{AdJP} \longrightarrow \text{Adjp} (\text{Adjp}).$$

Here, prepositional phrase also functions as post modifier with the function as a subject and as an object of a sentence. A subject can be in begining or in the middle of a sentence depend on the way the speakers speak. In the same case as a

subject can be placed in the beginning or in the middle before a verb or verb phrase. If the object is placed in the beginning of a sentence there must be a particle emphasizing it.

The verb phrase in Uab Meto language also functions as a complement of a VP and as a post-modifier of a noun phrase. In another hand, a post-modifier of an adjective phrase functions as a post-modifier of a noun phrase and a pre-modifier of a prepositional phrase in Uab Meto language. An adverbial phrase of Uab Meto language functions as a modifier of a verb, adjective and adverb themselves.

5.2 Suggestion

1. For all of the society in Fatuleu Village especially the native speakers of Uab meto language to keep communicating in Uab meto language as our mother tongue.
2. For children of Uab meto native speakers should be able to use Uab meto language in their daily conversation. They should use it when they make conversation with young until adult people who use *Uab Meto* language as their mother tongue.
3. To those who want to conduct similar research, they should read and understand the prepositional phrase and its rules and function. So that, it will be easier to analyze the data.